



ΡΥΘΜΙΣΤΙΚΗ ΑΡΧΗ ΕΝΕΡΓΕΙΑΣ
REGULATORY AUTHORITY FOR ENERGY

The experience from the participation of the Greek energy regulator (RAE) in European Institutions and bodies

Atelier de travail de RegulaE.Fr n°10
29 June 2022

- The **Regulatory Authority for Energy** was established in 1999 as an independent body under Directive 96/92/EC

Competences of RAE

Monitoring and
surveillance of the
energy market

Consumer
protection

Monitoring security
of energy supply

Licensing

Monitoring
network operators
and access to
interconnections

Approval of tariffs
for non-
competitive
activities

Grating TPA
exemptions

CEER

Council of European
Energy Regulators



MEDREG



RegulaE.Fr



Energy Community

ACER 

European Union Agency for the Cooperation
of Energy Regulators

- The precursor of **ACER** was the the European Regulators Group for Electricity and Gas (ERGEG) established by the EC in 2003
 - development and smooth functioning of the internal energy market in Europe
- The Third Legislative Package -Regulation (EC) No 713/2009- established the Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)
- ERGEG was dissolved by the Commission and some of its competencies were passed to ACER and CEER

Functions of ACER

Complements and coordinates the work of NRAs

Prepares Framework Guidelines

Takes individual decisions regarding cross border infrastructure

Advises the EU institutions on energy issues

Reports to the European Parliament and Council

Director

Administrative
Board

Board of
Regulators

Board of
Appeal

ACER Working
Groups

- **CEER** was established in 2000 by 10 NRAs by an MoU
- **CEER** is a not-for-profit association under Belgian law that has a small secretariat in Brussels

Objective: *Facilitate NRA cooperation in common interests for the promotion of internal electricity and gas market*

CEER 2022-2025 Strategy: *“Empowering consumers for the energy transition”*

Consumer-
centric design

Sustainable
and efficient
infrastructure

Well-
functioning
markets

Energy system
integration

Flexibility

Decentralised
and local
energy

General
Assembly

Board

Secretariat

Working
Groups

- The **Energy Community (EnC)** is an international organisation which brings together the European Union and its neighbours to create an integrated pan-European energy market. The organisation was founded by the Treaty establishing the Energy Community signed in October 2005 in Athens, Greece.

EnC Objective:

Extend the EU internal energy market rules and principles to countries in South East Europe, the Black Sea region and beyond on the basis of a legally binding framework.

- **Energy Community Regulatory Board (ECRB)** is the independent regional body of energy regulators established in the framework of the Energy Community and beyond.
- It is the coordination platform for exchange of knowledge and development of best practices for regulated electricity and gas markets in the Energy Community.

Providing coordinated
regulatory positions
to energy policy
debates

Harmonizing
regulatory rules
across borders

Sharing regulatory
knowledge and
experience

- The European institutions and international bodies are valuable tools to:





ΡΥΘΜΙΣΤΙΚΗ ΑΡΧΗ ΕΝΕΡΓΕΙΑΣ
REGULATORY AUTHORITY FOR ENERGY

Thank you for your attention

Yuriy Bilen

European and international affairs expert

E-mail: ybilen@rae.gr

Url: <http://www.rae.gr>